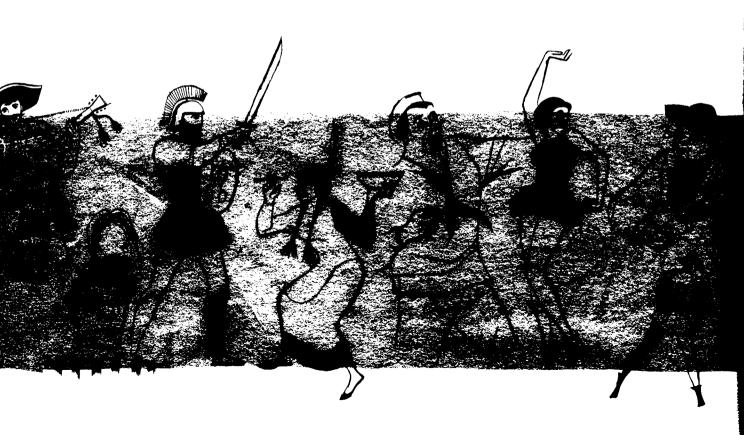
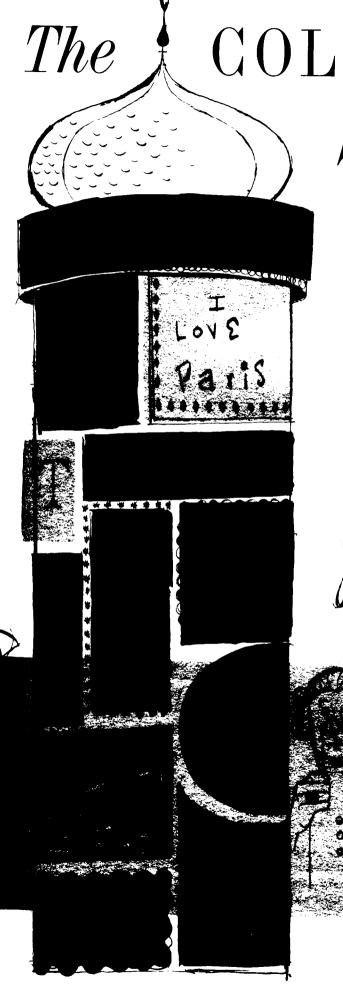


Foreword by MOSS HART
Illustrations by Robert J. Lee
Arrangements by Dr. Albert Sirmay





COLE PORTER

Song Book

THE COMPLETE WORDS AND MUSIC
OF FORTY OF COLE PORTER'S
BEST-LOVED SONGS

SIMON AND SCHUSTER · NEW YORK



MISSISSAUGA LIBRARY SYSTEM



ILLUSTRATIONS, FOREWORD, AND SUMMARY OF FACTS COPYRIGHT © 1959 BY SIMON AND SCHUSTER, INC.

THIS BOOK IS AUTHORIZED FOR SALE IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA ONLY.

PERMISSION FOR USE OF THE SONGS CONTAINED IN THIS BOOK HAS BEEN GRANTED

BY THE RESPECTIVE COPYRIGHT OWNERS,

COLE PORTER, CHAPPELL & CO. INC., BUXTON HILL MUSIC CORPORATION, AND HARMS, INC.

THE SONGS IN THIS BOOK HAVE ALL BEEN PROTECTED BY INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT

WITH ALL RIGHTS RESERVED, INCLUDING THE RIGHT OF PUBLIC PERFORMANCE FOR PROFIT.

ANY ARRANGEMENT OR ADAPTATION OF ANY OF THESE COMPOSITIONS

WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE OWNERS IS AN INFRINGEMENT OF COPYRIGHT.

PUBLISHED BY SIMON AND SCHUSTER, INC.,

ROCKEFELLER CENTER, 630 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 20, N.Y.



LIBRARY OF CONGRESS CATALOG CARD NUMBER: M59-1019
TYPOGRAPHY BY THE COMPOSING ROOM, INC., NEW YORK
TEXT PRINTED BY POLYGRAPHIC COMPANY OF AMERICA, N. BENNINGTON, VERMONT
BINDING BY TAUBER'S BOOKBINDERY, INC., NEW YORK

CONTENTS

	Foreword by MOSS HART	1
	Let's Do It from PARIS [1928]	12
	You Do Something to Me from FIFTY MILLION FRENCHMEN [1929]	17
	What Is This Thing Called Love? from WAKE UP AND DREAM [1929]	21
	Love for Sale from THE NEW YORKERS [1930]	25
E.	Night and Day from GAY DIVORCE [1932]	30
	I Get a Kick Out of You	34
	$All\ Through\ the\ Night$	<i>38</i>
	$You're\ the\ Top$	4 3
	Anything Goes	4 9
	Blow, Gabriel, Blow from ANYTHING GOES [1934]	54



	$Miss\ Otis\ Regrets$ [1934]	60
	Why Shouldn't I?	64
	Begin the Beguine	68
	Just One of Those Things from JUBILEE [1935]	76
	$It's\ De\text{-}lovely$	80
	Ridin' High from RED, HOT AND BLUE [1936]	86
	Easy to Love	92
	I've Got You under My Skin from BORN TO DANCE [1936]	95
	In the Still of the Night	100
	Rosalie from ROSALIE [1937]	105
	At Long Last Love from YOU NEVER KNOW [1938]	109
	Get Out of Town	113
	My Heart Belongs to Daddy from LEAVE IT TO ME [1938]	117
	Friendship from DUBARRY WAS A LADY [1939]	123
	I Concentrate on You from BROADWAY MELODY OF 1940 [1939]	128
-	Ev'rything I Love from LET'S FACE IT [1941]	133
	You'd Be So Nice to Come Home To from SOMETHING TO SHOUT ABOUT [1942]	137

Ev'ry Time We Say Goodbye	
from SEVEN LIVELY ARTS [1944]	
I Love You	14 5
from MEXICAN HAYRIDE [1944]	
Why Can't You Behave?	1 52
Wunderbar	<i>155</i>
So in Love	160
Were Thine That Special Face	164
Where Is the Life That Late I Led?	170
Always True to You in My Fashion	177
from KISS ME, KATE [1948]	
From This Moment On	
from OUT OF THIS WORLD [1950]	
It's All Right with Me	190
I Love Paris	196
from CAN-CAN [1953]	
All of You	200
from SILK STOCKINGS [1955]	
True Love	204
from HIGH SOCIETY [1956]	
Index of Song Titles, Shows and Movies	
Summary of Facts about Cole Porter Shows	





Paul Hesse



FOREWORD

by Moss Hart

IME FLIES. It is just twenty-seven years ago that I watched Cole Porter swing through the doors of the Ritz Bar in Paris and survey the room, his eyes searching the tables for the young man who had a letter of introduction to him. Though I had never seen him before, I knew that the man standing in the doorway was unmistakably Cole Porter; he looks, I thought quickly, exactly like one of his songs. The small, lithe figure beautifully turned out, the intensely alive face, the immense dark eyes wonderfully set off by the brilliant red carnation in the lapel of his suit—it could not possibly be anyone else. I waved toward him, and as he caught the gesture he smiled back and made his way to my table.

That dazzling smile was quite the best thing I had seen of Paris to date. I am aware that it is heresy not to be enamored of this jewel of cities at first glance and to remain forever afterward her willingly indentured slave, but I seemed to be impervious to the beauty and charm of Paris on this, my first trip, and I have remained so ever since. Indeed, Paris—the Paris that had escaped me—now seemed suddenly to blossom and come alive for the first time as Cole Porter talked, though I knew well enough that Cole Porter was as American as Peru, Indiana, where he was born. He had the gift, I was to learn later, of making any city singularly his own. Wherever he happens to be—London, New York, Venice, Hollywood—there the essence of the city seems to be caught, the secret of the city captured. Paris was his monarchy at the moment, and just before we parted he made a gesture so regal and at the same time so Parisian that to my Brooklyn-bred eyes it had the effect of making me feel that I was seeing the Paris of my imagination at last.

Along with the letter of introduction from Irving Berlin, I had brought with me a small package as well, which I had been asked as a favor to deliver to Cole Porter, since I would be in Paris the week before Christmas and the transatlantic mails at that time of year were somewhat uncertain. "George Hale asked me to bring this to you," I said, handing the package over.

"Doesn't say a word about not opening it until Christmas, does it?" he said, and tore at the wrapping eagerly.

Inside the paper, a small, red leather box with the jeweler's name—Cartier—stamped on it lay exposed. He opened the box, glanced at the contents and smilingly turned the box



around for me to have a look. Two long, thin slabs of gold with the initials "C. P." engraved on each lay somewhat nakedly on the white satin inside the box.

I stared at them, puzzled for a moment, and then asked, "What are they?"

"Garters," he replied, and lifted them out. I watched, astonished, as he lifted each of his trouser legs, revealing a gold garter on the sock above each leg, removed the old ones from each and put the new ones on, and in further astonishment I heard him call, "Hey, Jimmy!" to the barman and toss the old gold garters across the bar.

Before this moment I had not known such a thing as gold garters existed. Now I had seen an old pair of gold garters blithely tossed across a bar and new ones installed. My face must have mirrored the amazement and wonder I felt, for Cole Porter, turning back to me, looked at me and burst into laughter. "It's the way Christmas always ought to start, isn't it?" he said. I could only nod dumbly in reply. "Will you dine with us one night while you're here?" he asked. "I know Linda would like to meet you. I'll have my secretary call you at the hotel." He glanced at his watch and sighed. "Late. Late again," he said, quite like the White Rabbit in Alice in Wonderland, and then held out his hand to me and smiled, the same dazzling smile that seemed to light up the entire Ritz Bar. I shook his hand and watched him swing through the doors once more and out into a Paris that seemed peculiarly his.

I have set down my first meeting with Cole Porter because it seems to me to contain some of the gaiety, the impishness, the audacity and the wonderful insouciance of some of his songs. It is hard now to remember the original impact of Cole Porter on the musical theater of the middle and late nineteen twenties. He burst upon that moribund world with the velocity of a meteor streaking across the sky. His words and his music had an abandon, a stunning freshness, a dash and a lyrical agility that were completely new to our ears. The verve of "Let's Do It," the brisk ardor of "You Do Something to Me," the sultry boldness of "Love for Sale," the mordant glow of "What Is This Thing Called Love?" seemed to blow the winds of a graceful and polished world across the musty musical theater of those days and make the majority of the songs we had been singing sound downright provincial. The great ballads-"Night and Day," "I Get a Kick Out of You," "Easy to Love"-and all the others that were to run riot down the years were to come later, but in the late twenties we were suddenly aware that a new musical voice of immense vigor and freshness was making itself heard-a forcible talent that was racy and slashing and bold, but a talent that had great elegance and a curious kind of purity. One thing was certain even then: no one could write a Cole Porter song but Cole Porter. Each song had a matchless design and a special felicity of its own that stamped it as immediately and uniquely his.

I dined twice with the Porters during my ten-day stay in Paris and fell in love, as everyone did, with Linda Porter. To fall in love with Linda Porter was as much a part of a young man's first trip to Paris as eating snails at Fouquet's or climbing the Eiffel



LINDA PORTER

Tower. They were a wonderful pair, the Cole Porters. They were rich, they were gifted, and they moved about with infinite ease and lightheartedness in two worlds-the world of fashion and glitter and the pantaloon world of the theater. Their house in Paris was exquisite, one of the most beautiful houses I have ever seen, and Linda Porter, a legendary beauty herself, lent something of her own radiance and splendor to their life together so that everything and everyone in their house seemed to shine and sparkle with a little of her own special grace. She was a woman of immense delicacy, with an enchanting turn of mind, as easily beguiled by a chorus girl as by a duchess and equally at home with both. Together, the Porters bloomed in a scintillating world that seemed uncommonly festive, and I thought to myself on my last evening with them, What fun it would be to do a musical with Cole Porter. I dismissed this conceit from my mind quickly enough. I was a mere neophyte-barely out of Brooklyn and my first play-and Cole Porter was already one of the most sought-after of all composers. Yet less than two years later, that is exactly what happened. We did do a musical together. Moreover, we sailed around the world to write that musical, and I learned to my chagrin that the jaunty and debonair world of Cole Porter disappeared completely when he was at work, and that Linda Porter, who accompanied us, was as stern and jealous a guardian of that work as Cole Porter himself.

The enterprise—an enterprise that was ultimately to emerge as the musical called Jubilee



-began innocently enough. This time, I was lunching with Cole Porter some eighteen months or so after my Paris trip, in New York—a New York that was, in spite of the depression and the New Deal, almost convulsively singing "You're the Top," "I Get a Kick Out of You" and "Blow, Gabriel, Blow" from Anything Goes, which had opened at the Alvin Theatre three nights before. The clientele of the restaurant where we were lunching seemed to be composed almost exclusively of people who had been part of that opening-night audience, and they streamed over to our table making congratulatory sounds and cooing admiration in two or three different languages and a variety of accents. It made any kind of conversation between us difficult if not impossible, but somewhere or other in the middle of lunch I tossed out an idea for a musical I had recently had and then brushed it aside with something else that was very much on my mind that day.

"I think I came to a decision this morning," I said. "I'm going to drop work completely for a while. There are always ideas—there are always plays to be written—but always at the expense of something else. I don't want to settle for that quick trip to Europe wedged in between work and rehearsals. I want to see the whole damn world and I want to see it now. I'm going to take a year off and racket around the world."

Cole Porter looked at me soberly for a full moment before he spoke. "Why not do both?" he said. "I like that idea of yours for a musical. Why don't we do it and go around the world at the same time?"

Again I looked at him with the same mixture of astonishment and wonder that had made him burst into laughter as I watched him put the new gold garters into place.

"Why not?" he persisted. "I could leave next week. Couldn't you?" He was already up from the table and making his way toward the door. "Let's stop by Cook's and find the first round-the-world sailing," he said, "and then go back to the hotel and tell Linda." It was all very matter-of-fact and somehow absurdly fait accompli.

The day of our luncheon was a Wednesday, and the first boat that sailed around the world happened to be for the following Tuesday. We were on it. Another thing I was to learn about Cole Porter was that when he wanted something, mountains moved and the earth shook. Very few people ever said "no" to him. Abject surrender was the general rule. That dazzling smile could disappear with frightening rapidity and a glacial mask could take its place.

The first ten days of the trip were given over to a detailed discussion of the general architecture of the show—lazy, pleasant, sunny days marred only by the ship's orchestra, which promptly broke into "You're the Top" or "I Get a Kick Out of You" each time our party entered the dining room or the ship's lounge. The first strains of music were always accompanied by loud, wild moans from Monty Woolley and more civilized ones from Howard Sturges, two old friends of the Porters' who had come along for the trip and who found the constant playing of Cole Porter songs almost as unbearable as did Cole Porter himself. He quite literally hated to hear his music played or sung under any



other conditions but his own precise and exacting ones. It was his fate and ours, however, to be plagued by hotel orchestras hidden behind potted palms manfully blaring out "You're the Top" in Bombay, in Zanzibar, in Rio, and even—by what miracle of communication no one of us could fathom—in Tahiti and Bali. It was, as Monty Woolley phrased it, "the white man's burden," and there was little to do but sigh and bear it.

Within two weeks I had developed enough of a rough outline for Cole to begin to think of songs, and almost immediately a great change took place. Cole Porter "worker" and Cole Porter "playboy" were two different beings. The change in him was as remarkable as it was revealing. The secret of those marvelously gay and seemingly effortless songs was a prodigious and unending industry. He worked around the clock. I had, and have always had, a fixed schedule of work. A writer of plays or prose is usually good for two or three hours of consecrated work a day and no more. He must choose the hours of the day that suit him best and use those hours to the full. Then it is over. Some writers work best at dawn, some choose even the small hours of the night, but my best hours have always been the late-morning ones. As a consequence, I would emerge from my cabin shortly before lunch ready, eager and waiting for the wonderful world of the Porters to begin, but the wonderful world of the Porters had completely disappeared.

From the time I handed him the outline with the first two or three songs indicated, Cole Porter seemed to withdraw not only from our party but from the human race as well. Indeed, I sometimes suspected that he used work as a weapon to shield himself from a boredom whose threshold was extremely low; he could withdraw and disappear before one's eyes with an almost sinister facility. His withdrawals were not confined to the moment when he entered his cabin to sit at the small upright piano; they spilled over the luncheon table, the dinner table, and even onto some of the sightseeing tours when the boat docked.

The boat stopped first at Kingston, Jamaica, and another side of his nature I had not bargained for was immediately and exhaustingly revealed. He was an indefatigable sightseer, a tourist to end all tourists. Everything held an interest for him. No ruin was too small not to be seen, particularly if it meant a long climb up a steep hill; no ride into the interior was too much or too far, if it was a broiling hot day and there was a piddling waterfall at the end of it. Even the flora and fauna fascinated him, and he would drive miles to gape at a native shrub or an animal that flourished only in a particularly disagreeable part of whatever country we were in. Yet even his insatiable tourism, it turned out, was also grist to the mill of work, which went on whether he was sightseeing, eating or, for all I knew, while he was sleeping at night. I made this discovery a few days later when I went to his cabin to hear the first song written for Jubilee. It was called, astonishingly enough, "The Kling-Kling Bird on the Divi-Divi Tree," a bird and a tree I had heard him asking innumerable questions about during our stopover in Jamaica. It did not surprise me too greatly, therefore, when, sometime after we had sailed away from



Samoa, he informed me that one of the chief ballads for the show was to be entitled "Begin the Beguine." The beguine was a native dance we had driven endless hot miles to witness, and my reservations about the length of the song (I am somewhat ashamed to record that I thought the song had ended when he was only halfway through playing it) were overridden by my relief that one of the chief love songs of the show was not to be about a koala bear or a duck-billed platypus, one or the other of which he had found completely entrancing.

As I grew used to his method of working, however-the long, baffling silences, the sudden withdrawals-I became increasingly fascinated and admiring of the profound sense of dedication he brought to his work. I do not know if it is generally known that Cole Porter is a first-rate musician, thoroughly schooled in musical theory and harmony, with a large and cultivated knowledge of classical music at his command. It was, I know, a surprise to me. Those songs which seemed almost to cascade from the piano with infinite ease and grace, those words which were so captivatingly set to music that in combination they sounded almost as if they had written themselves, had been arrived at with immense labor and out of a solid musical background. Without that background, and in spite of his great musical gift, I do not think he could have written "Begin the Beguine," a song that was as far ahead of its time musically in 1935 as "What Is This Thing Called Love?" was ahead of its time in 1929. Likewise, his steeplechase agility with words-words that seem to quicken the music or fill it with languor and very often with passion—spring from a real devotion to the English language. Here again his erudition is surprising, his knowledge encyclopedic and his taste impeccable. The trite, the hackneyed, the commonplace word was never settled for. The search for the right word-the unerring word that would fit the musical note with exactitude and express precisely what he wanted the song to say-was like the quest for the Holy Grail. There was something almost mystical about his constant pursuit for the explicit, tangible word that would highlight the rhyme scheme or illuminate the middle of a song and make it soar to the end. Wit and elegance he had at his fingertips, and he could write clever, smart and even brilliant lyrics by the yard, but he was scrupulous about what each particular song was to say in relationship to the score as a whole, and he polished and worried over so simple a song as "Why Shouldn't I?" until it gleamed like the perfect little song it is.

I learned a lasting lesson from watching Cole Porter at work. It was, simply, that no artist, however gifted, can ever rely solely on his gift without a steady and relentless industry in its application. The ability to use his gift with vigor and constancy is almost as necessary a requisite as talent itself. Cole Porter is a prime example of this depressing truism. Though the most self-indulgent and the most pleasure-loving man I have ever known, indulgence and pleasure both stopped dead the moment songwriting began. Perversely enough, and to point up the exception to every rule, I suppose, he could fashion a song overnight when necessity demanded it. I was given a startling example of this shortly before rehearsals began.



Marcus Blechman

MOSS HART

Both score and book had been completed by the time we returned to New York. The weekend before rehearsals were scheduled to begin, I accompanied him to Leonard Hanna's farm in Ohio for a last respite before the frenzy that lay just ahead. On Saturday afternoon as we walked through the quiet September countryside, inevitably discussing the only topic that held any interest for either of us, I brought out into the open a nagging thought I had long held-that the score still lacked a major song in the second act. He was surprised, but quickly agreed with me. Thereafter silence fell and the withdrawal began. I might just as well have been strolling through the woods by myself. Early on, I might have mistaken this for annoyance, but I knew by now that he was already at work. Mentally I made a note that, with luck, we might have the song for the third week of rehearsal. It is unwise to count on predictability in people, more particularly in anyone as unpredictable as Cole Porter. The next morning he called me into the living room and closed the doors. He placed a scribbled sheet of note paper on the music rack of the piano and then played and sang the verse and chorus of "Just One of Those Things." No word of either verse or chorus was ever altered. It has been played and sung through the years exactly as I heard it on that Sunday morning in Ohio, a song written overnight, thereby defying all the nice little rules I had conceived about work. The fact remains, however, that with this one exception a Cole Porter song is usually the end product of



hours and days of work such as no self-respecting longshoreman would ever accept without complaining to his union.

Jubilee was a pleasant enough success, and it is interesting to note that two of its songs that I have mentioned—"Begin the Beguine" and "Just One of Those Things"—were dismal failures both in the show and with the public as well. The critics were dismissive and the public uninterested in them. Not until three or four years later did either song begin to assume the characteristics of a popular "hit" or begin to achieve the acclaim that has made them two of the standard songs of the American musical theater.

Jubilee was also the end of our collaboration. We have never done another musical show together. I do not know quite why. Through the years we have talked of doing another one, but somehow it has never come to pass. Shows either happen or they don't happen. That is as reasonable an explanation as I can give. Meanwhile, that unending and, to me, unrivaled flow of words and music has continued to pour forth. These recollections are being written during a holiday in Jamaica, and quite accidentally two days ago some vivid memories of our collaboration and of Cole Porter were sent spinning across my mind. A river picnic was arranged for one of the final nights of our stay. Food and a little Jamaican orchestra were dispatched on ahead, and the picnickers followed in large canoes. A huge bonfire was lit, and, after the party, we fell into song in the way common to all picnic parties. We sang Berlin, Gershwin, Kern, Rodgers and Hammerstein and Cole Porter.

In that lush jungle setting, "Begin the Beguine" seemed particularly appropriate, and I suddenly recalled the time I had first heard it sung by Cole Porter himself, sitting at the upright piano in his cabin as the boat sailed toward the Fiji Islands. I remembered, too, my first glimpse of him in the Ritz Bar, and, long afterward, my vivid memory of him when he was valiantly fighting the effects of a tragic riding accident. I do not think any memoir of Cole Porter can be written without mention of his defiance and his fortitude in triumphing over a catastrophe that would have broken and overwhelmed a lesser man. It is marvelous to think that so many of these songs—including the great score of Kiss Me, Kate—these blithe and sunny songs that America has danced and sung for the past two decades, have come from a man whose daily battle against pain and defeat was in itself a lesson in courage and gallantry. It is a testament to the greatness of the human spirit.

In a bleak and sometimes ugly world, to witness an act of personal heroism is to know forever what human beings can be and can do, for it does not always follow that a first-rate artist is an estimable fellow, nor does it matter, I suppose. Too often, however, the artist apart from his talent is a disappointment; he is not very much of a person and it is almost always disillusioning for the hero worshiper to come face to face with his hero. Cole Porter is one of the rare exceptions. He was an early hero of mine and he has remained a late one. He is quite as matchless as his music.

Moss Hart

The OFF Book Song Book

















You Do Something to Me

FROM FIFTY MILLION FRENCHMEN



pyright © 1929 by HARMS, INC. Copyright renewed







When Is This Thing Called Love? FROM WAKE UP AND DREAM









Love for Sale

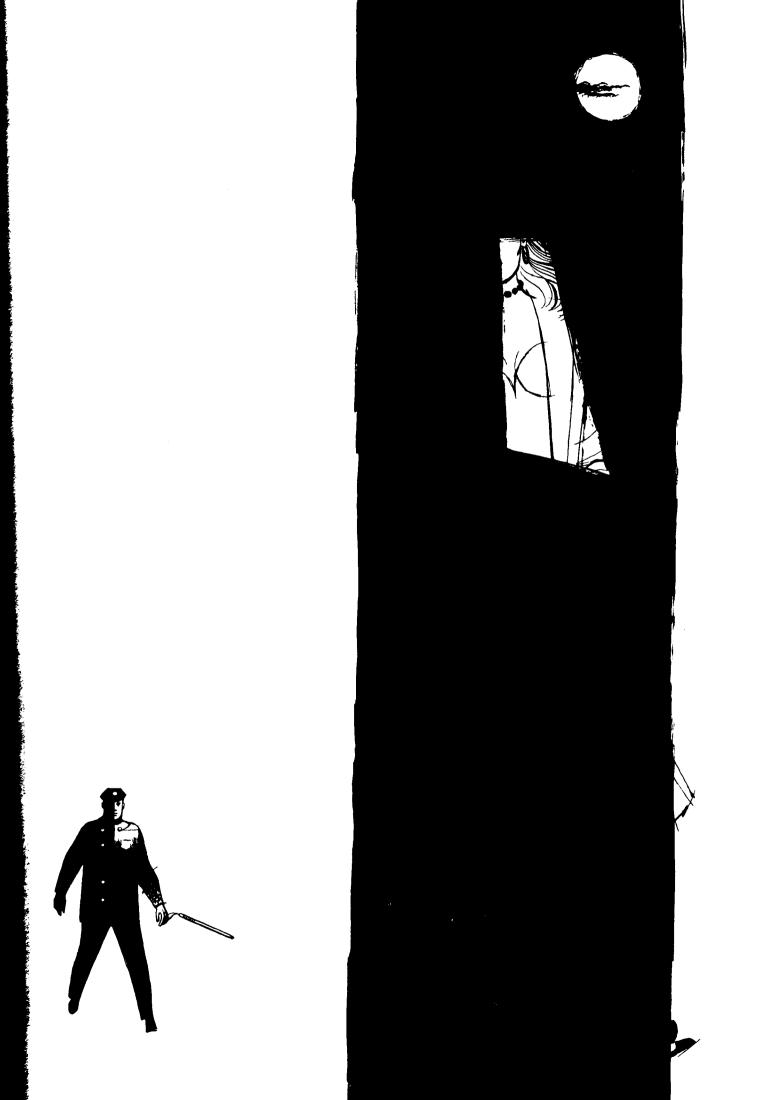
FROM THE NEW YORKERS

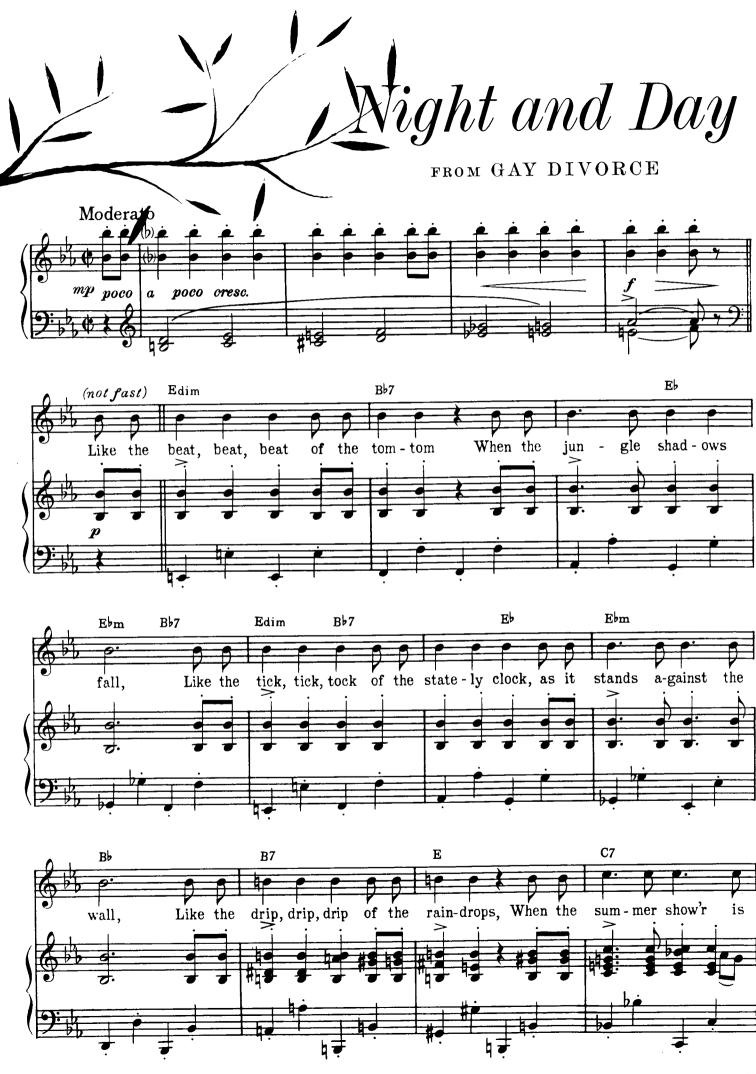






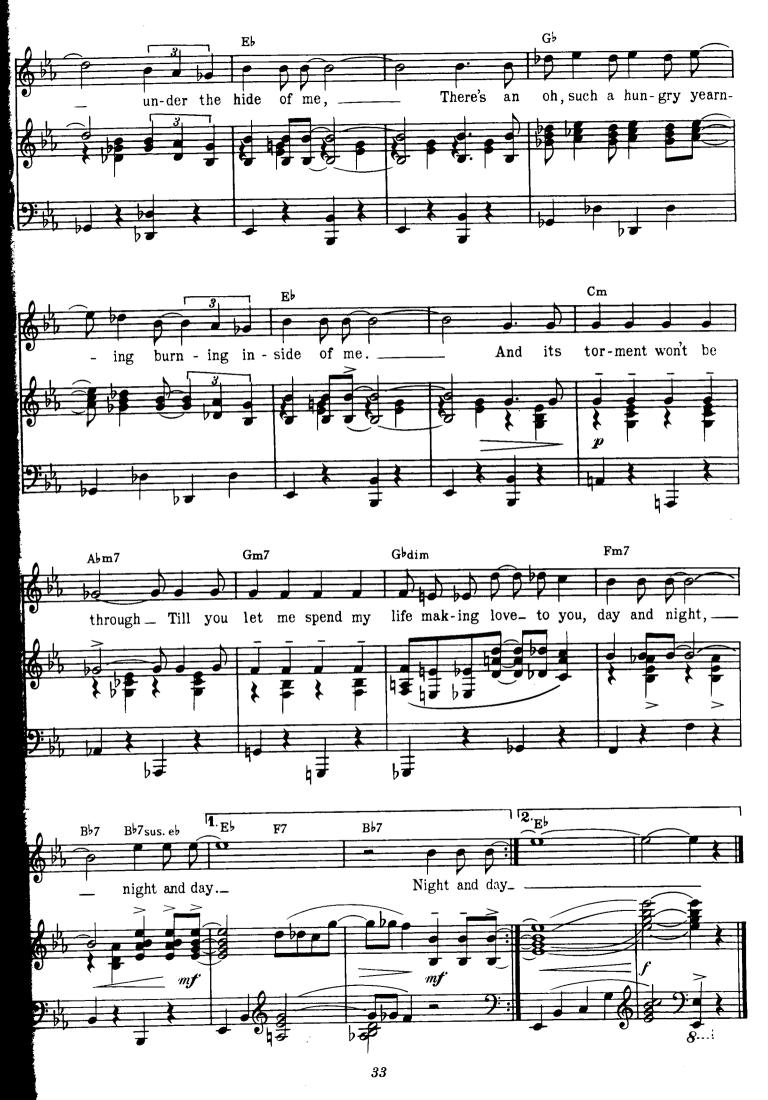














▲ I Get a Kick Out of You FROM ANYTHING GOES Moderato My sto-ry is E 6 B67 Fm7 Bb7 leaves me much too sad to be told, Fm7E۶ Bb7 Εb Fm7The on - ly ex-cep-tion I know is the case cold. mf B67 Fight-ing vain-ly qui-et spree_ on a







All Through the Night

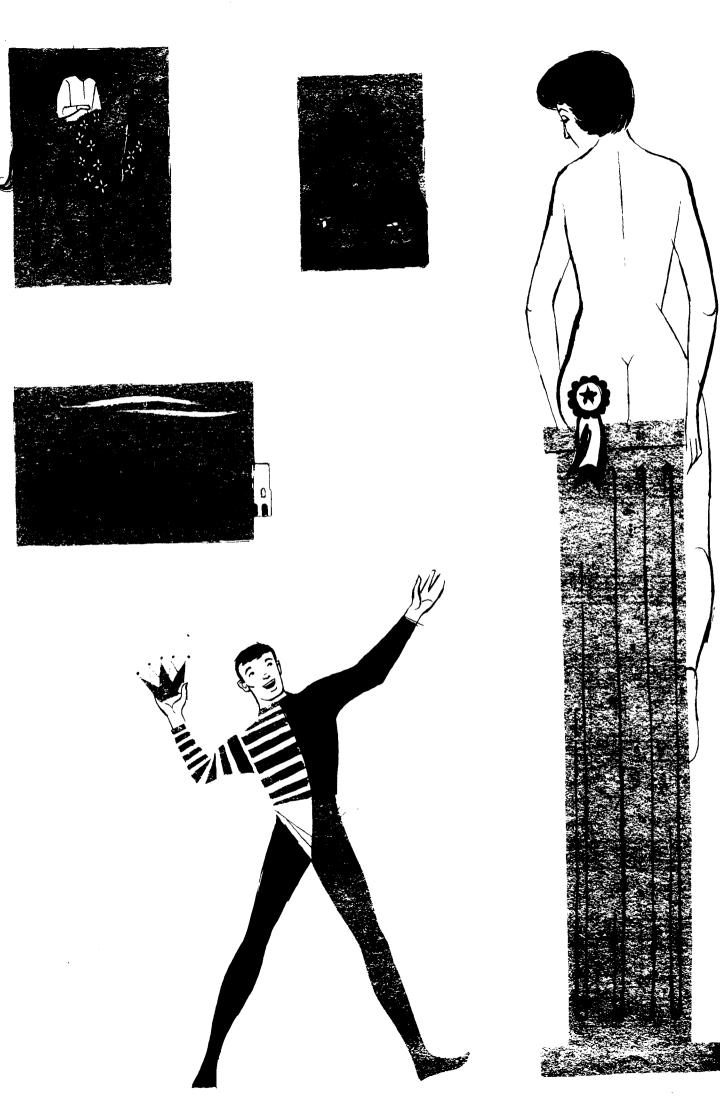
FROM ANYTHING GOES











You're the Top

FROM ANYTHING GOES

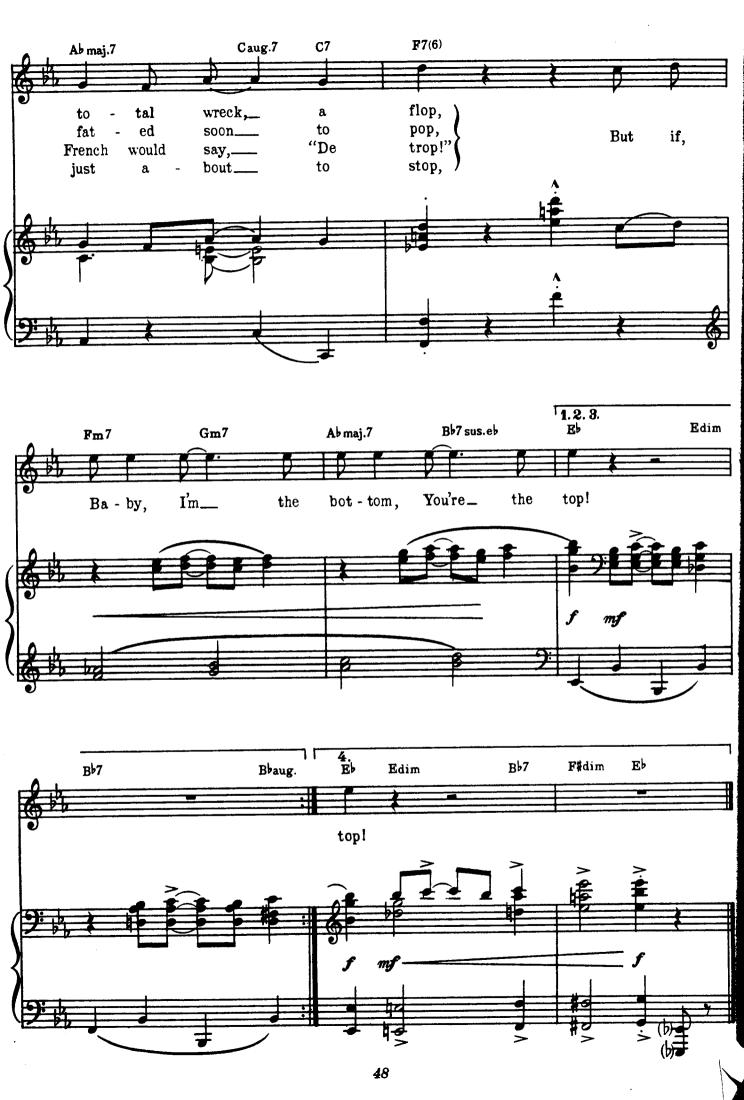






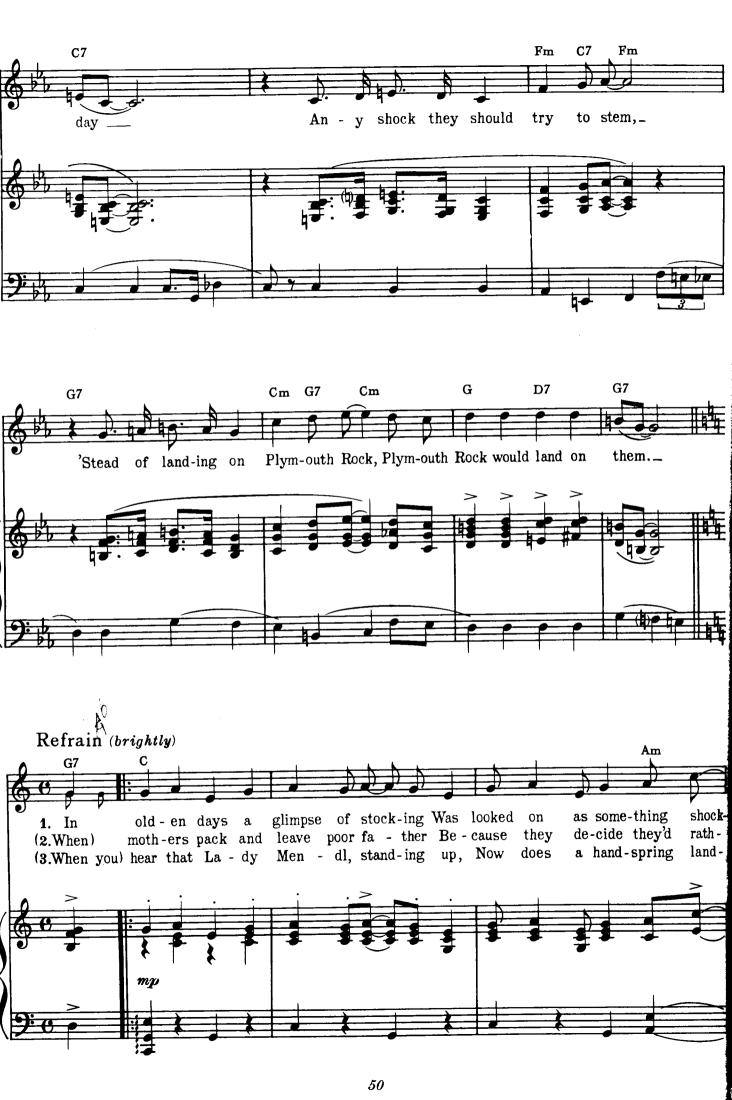






Anything Goes

FROM ANYTHING GOES. Moderato rit. CmAb Cmchanged_ Times have And we've of ten re P a tempo G7 D۶ CmD١ wound the clock_ Since the Pu - ri-tans got shock_ G7 G7 Dm7C7 When Plym - outh they land - ed on Rock ._ If to -









Blow, Gabriel, Blow

FROM ANYTHING GOES



















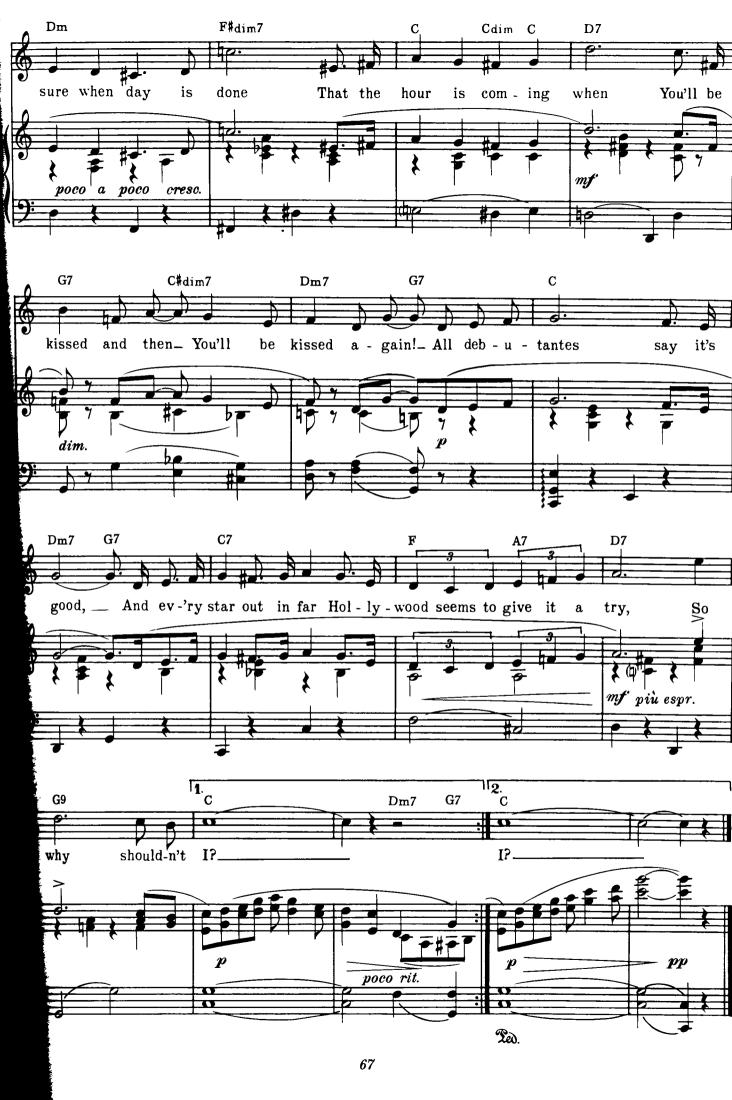


Why Shouldn't I?











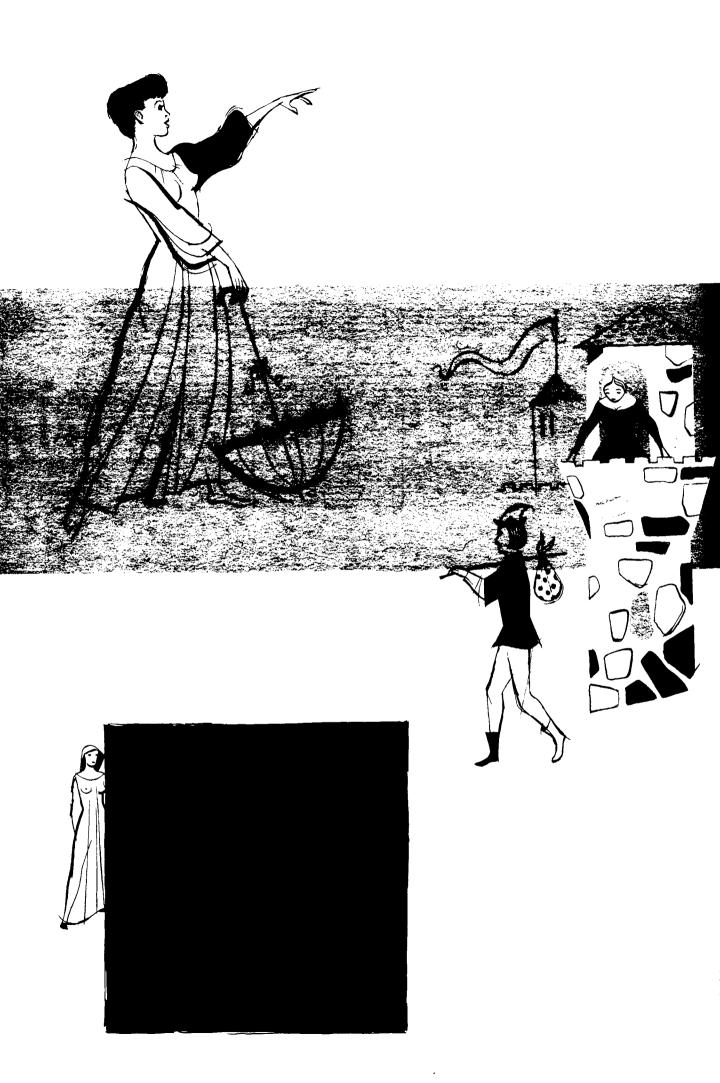














Just One of Those Things









It's De-lovely

FROM RED, HOT AND BLUE







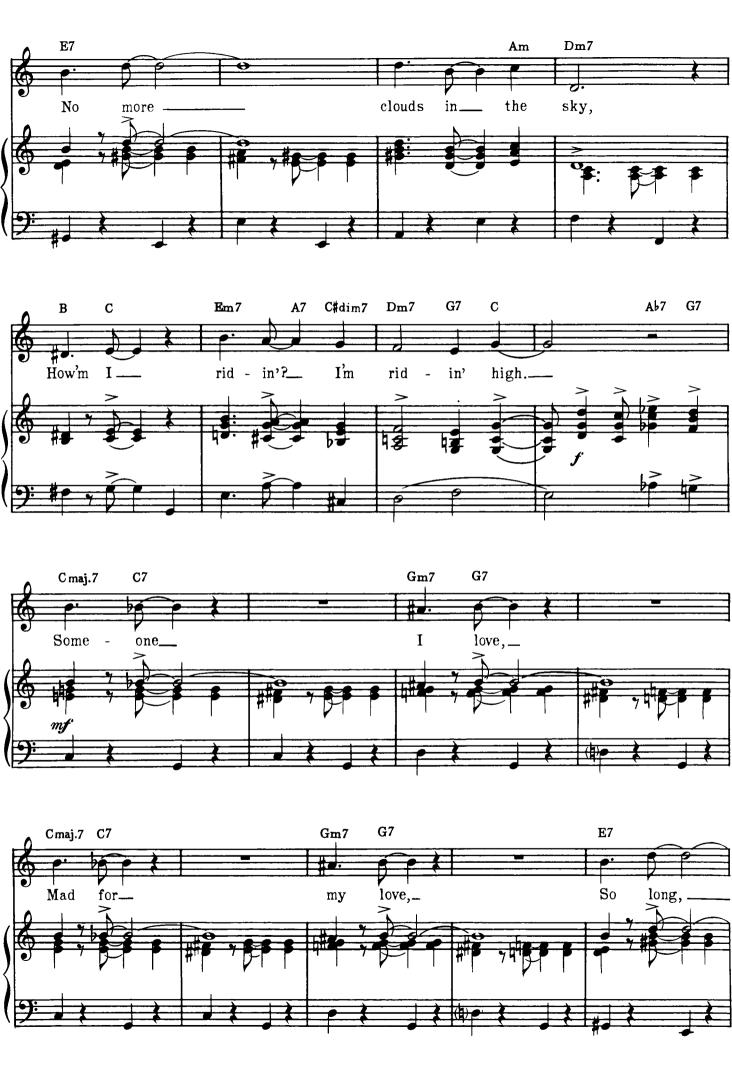


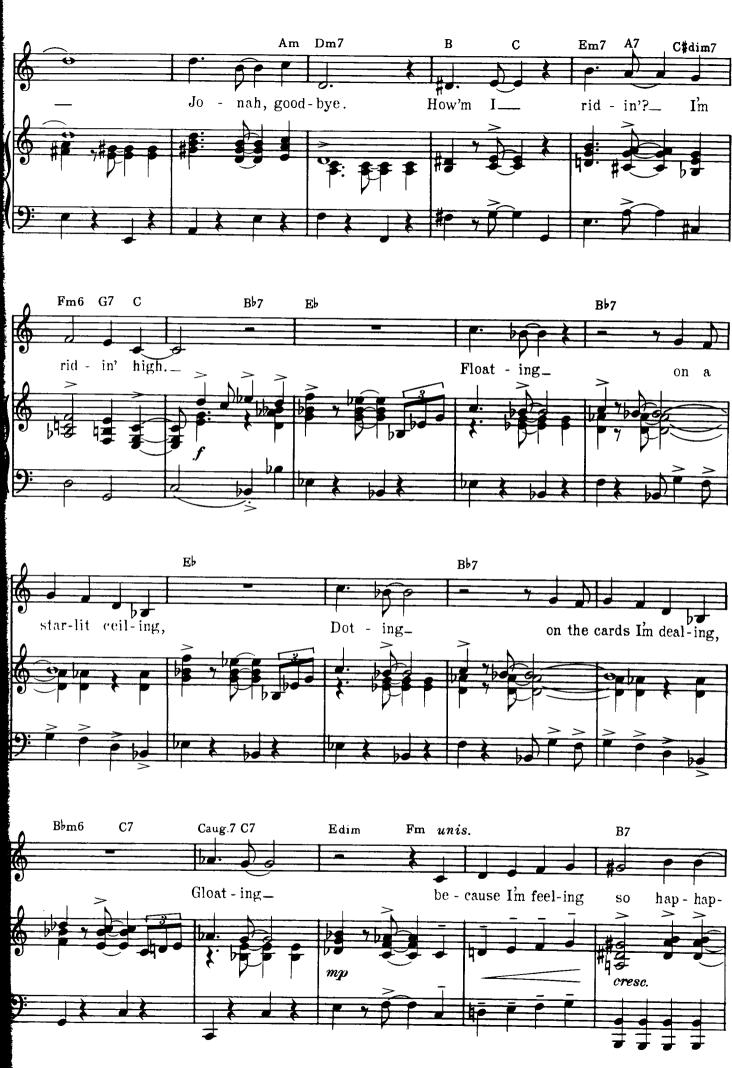








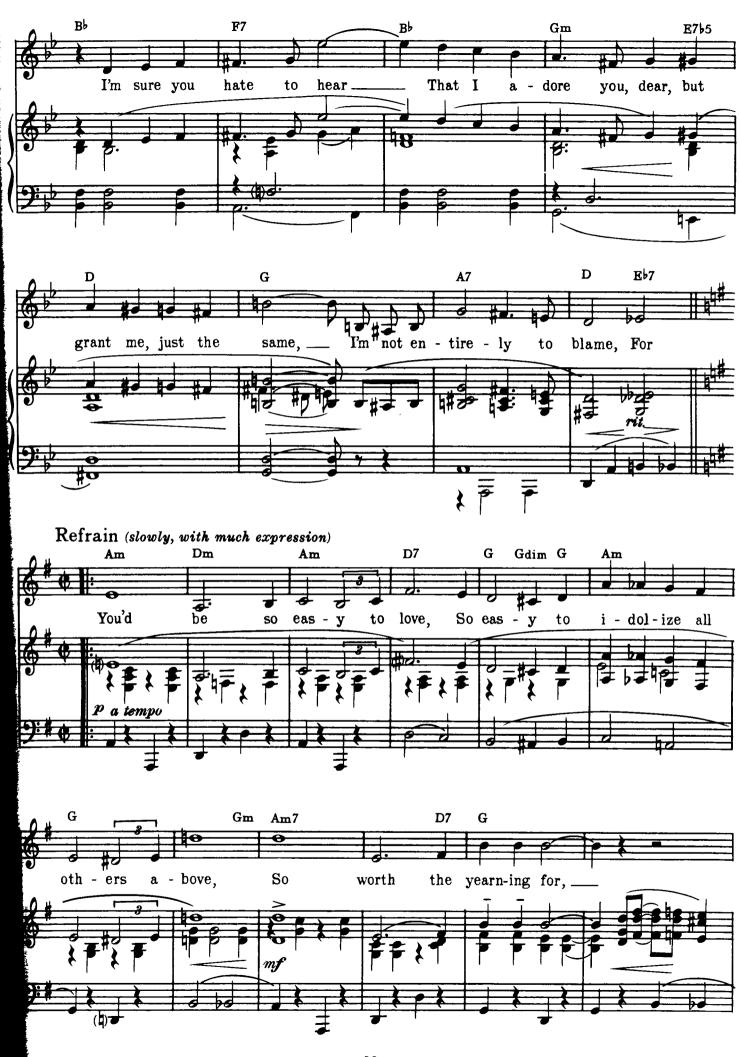














米

⊹

I've Got You under My Skin

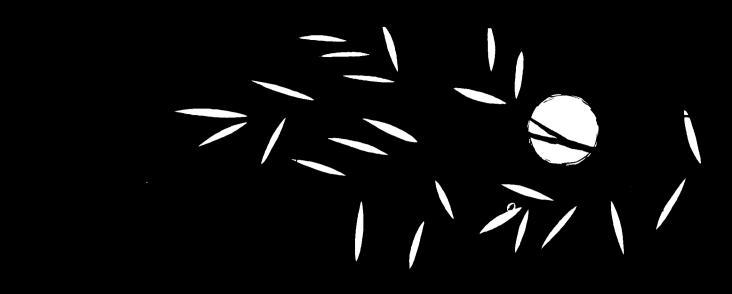
FROM BORN TO DANCE













In the Still of the Night

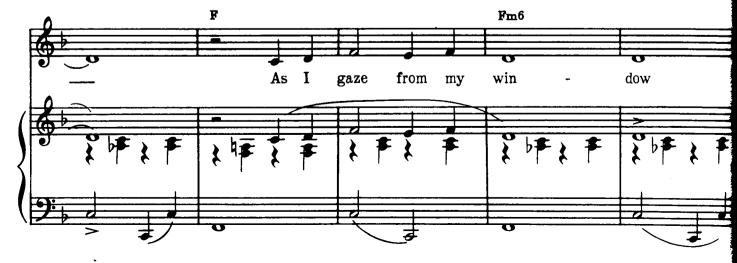
FROM ROSALIE



Andantino (in a steady movement, but not too fast)















Rosalie









At Long Last Love

FROM YOU NEVER KNOW



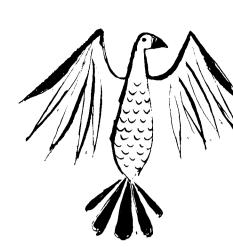






Get Out of Town

FROM LEAVE IT TO ME











My Heart Belongs to Dadd FROM LEAVE IT TO ME Slowly C G7 Cm6 Ab7 G7 Cdim C **D7** Each young ga - zelle









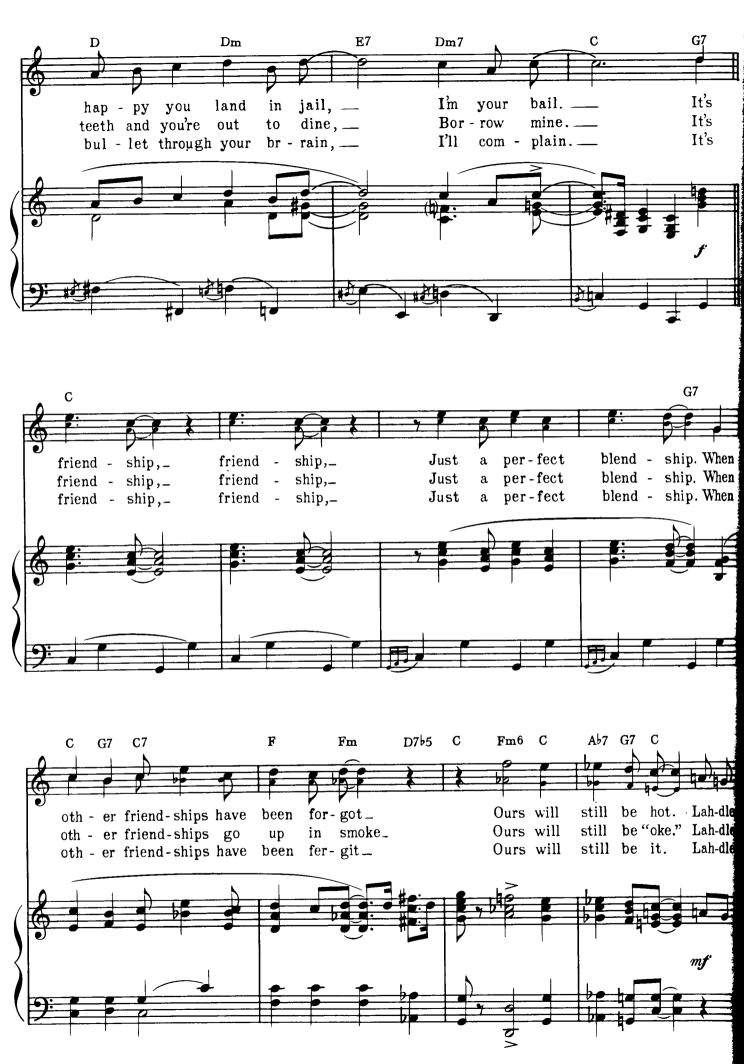


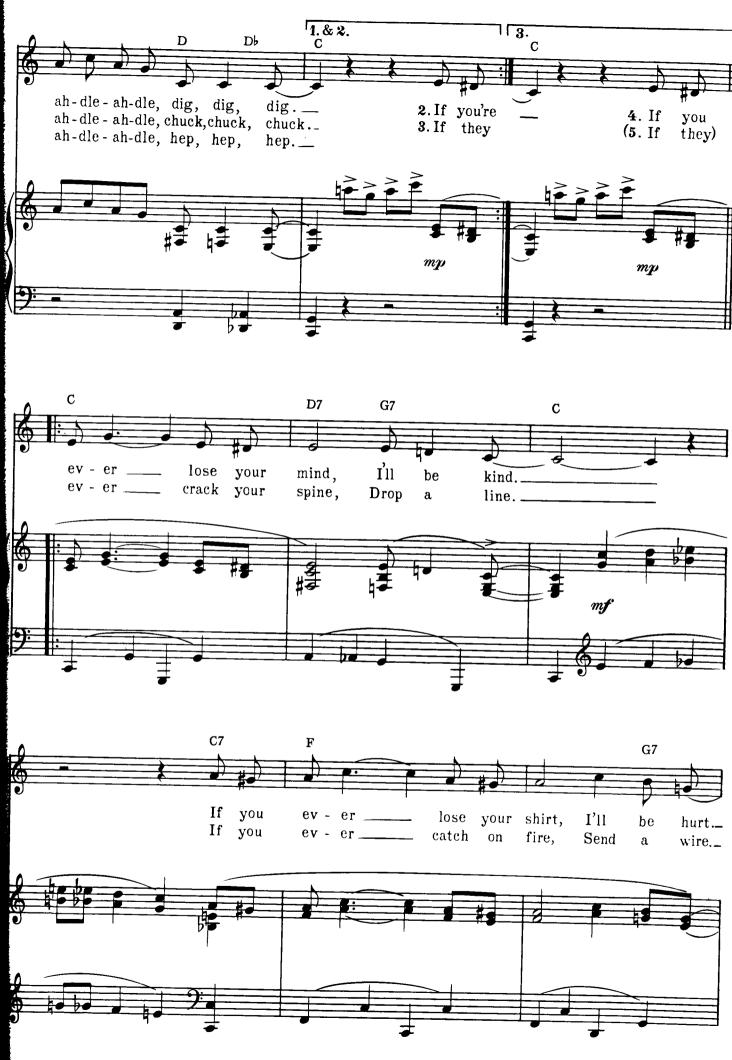
Friendship













I Concentrate on You

FROM BROADWAY MELODY OF 1940

















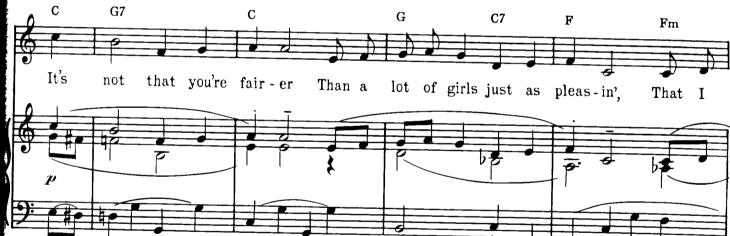


You'd Be So Nice to Come Home To

FROM SOMETHING TO SHOUT ABOUT

Allegretto commodo

C G7 C G G C7 F Em

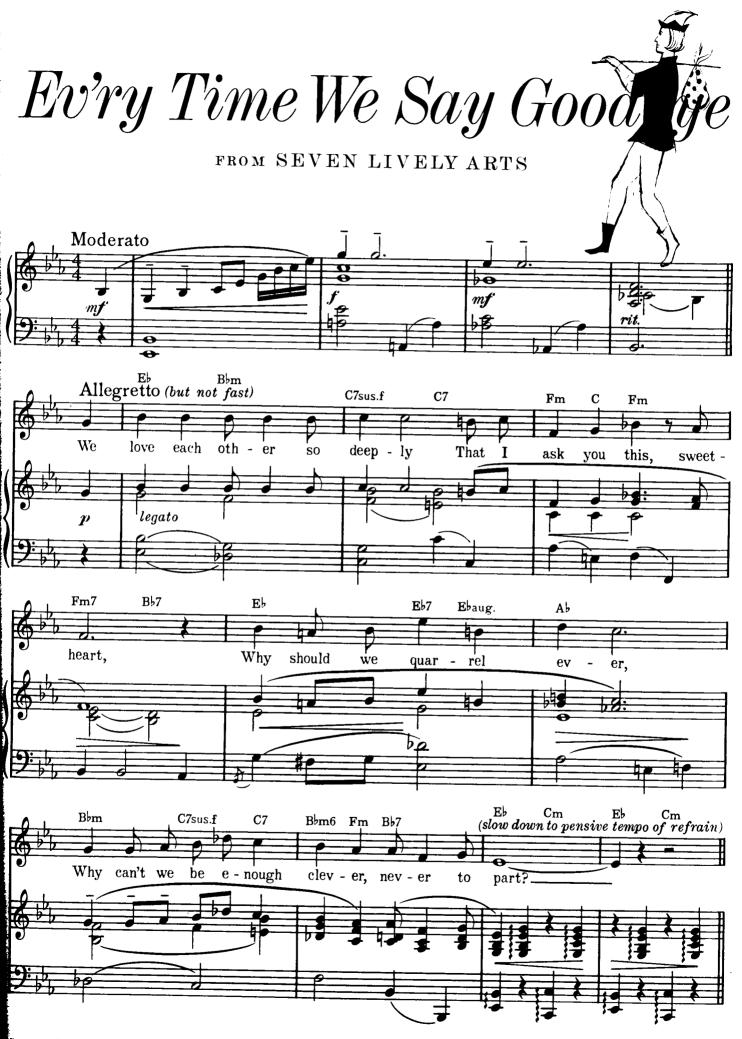


















I Love You





















Wunderbar

FROM KISS ME, KATE



opyright © 1948 by Cole Porter. Buxton Hill Music Corporation, wner of publication and allied rights throughout the world







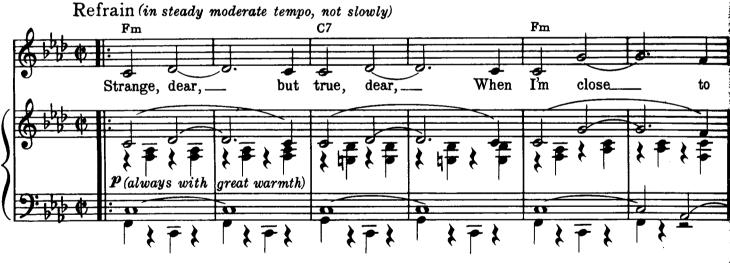


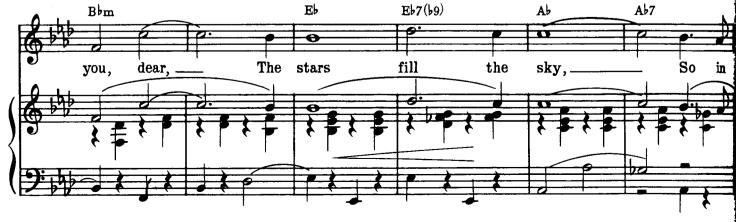


So in Love

FROM KISS ME, KATE













Were Thine That Special Face

FROM KISS ME, KATE























































It's All Right with Me

FROM CAN-CAN















I Love Paris

FROM CAN-CAN











All of You

FROM SILK STOCKINGS









->>>> True Love <<<<<

FROM HIGH SOCIETY









INDEX OF SONG TITLES, SHOWS AND MOVIES

Song Titles in Roman, Shows and Movies in Italics

All of You, 200 All Through the Night, 38 Always True to You in My Fashion, 177 Anything Goes, 49 Anything Goes, 34, 38, 43, 49, 54 At Long Last Love, 109 Begin the Beguine, 68 Blow, Gabriel, Blow, 54 Born to Dance, 92, 95 Broadway Melody of 1940, 128 Can-Can, 190, 196 DuBarry Was a Lady, 123 Easy to Love, 92 Ev'rything I Love, 133 Ev'ry Time We Say Goodbye, 141 Fifty Million Frenchmen, 17 Friendship, 123 From This Moment On, 184 Gay Divorce, 30 Get Out of Town, 113 High Society, 204 I Concentrate on You, 128 I Get a Kick Out of You, 34 I Love Paris, 196 I Love You, 145 In the Still of the Night, 100 It's All Right with Me, 190 It's De-lovely, 80 I've Got You under My Skin, 95 Jubilee, 64, 68, 76 Just One of Those Things, 76 KissMe, Kate, 152, 155, 160, 164, 170, 177

Leave It to Me, 113, 117 Let's Do It, 12 Let's Face It, 133 Love for Sale, 25 Mexican Hayride, 145 Miss Otis Regrets, 60 My Heart Belongs to Daddy, 117 New Yorkers, The, 25 Night and Day, 30 Out of This World, 184 Paris, 12 Red, Hot and Blue, 80, 86 Ridin' High, 86 Rosalie, 105 Rosalie, 100, 105 Seven Lively Arts, 141 Silk Stockings, 200 So in Love, 160 Something to Shout About, 137 True Love, 204 Wake Up and Dream, 21 Were Thine That Special Face, 164 What Is This Thing Called Love?, 21 Where Is the Life That Late I Led?, 170 Why Can't You Behave ?, 152 Why Shouldn't I?, 64 Wunderbar, 155 You Do Something to Me, 17 You'd Be So Nice to Come Home To, 137 You Never Know, 109 You're the Top, 43

SUMMARY OF FACTS ABOUT COLE PORTER SHOWS

SEE AMERICA FIRST

Book by T. Lawrason Riggs. Produced by Elizabeth Marbury at the Maxine Elliott Theatre. New York, March 28, 1916. 15 performances. Cast included Clifton Webb, Felix Adler, and John H. Goldsworthy.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Buy Her a Box at the Opera Ever and Ever Yours I've a Shooting Box in Scotland The Language of Flowers Lima

HITCHY-KOO, 1919

Book by George V. Hobart. Produced by Raymond Hitchcock at the Liberty Theatre, New York, October 6, 1919. 56 performances. Cast, headed by Mr. Hitchcock, included Lillian Kemble Cooper, Florence O'Denishawn, and Joe Cook.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

I Introduced ... (RAYMOND HITCHCOCK)

Hitchy's Garden of Roses (Lillian Kemble
Cooper)

When I Had a Uniform On (Joe Cook and Eleanor Sinclair)

Peter Piper (RAYMOND HITCHCOCK)

My Cozy Little Corner in the Ritz

(RAYMOND HITCHCOCK)

Old-Fashioned Garden (LILLIAN KEMBLE COOPER)

Bring Back My Butterfly

(LILLIAN KEMBLE COOPER)

That Black and White Baby of Mine

Another Sentimental Song

I've Got Somebody Waiting

HITCHY-KOO, 1922 (opened and closed in Boston)

MUSICAL NUMBERS

When My Caravan Comes Home
Love Letter Words
The Bandit Band
The American Punch
The Harbor Deep Down in My Heart
The Heart o' Me

GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES

Lyries by Cole Porter, Irving Caesar and John Murray Anderson. Produced by The Bohemians, Inc. (A. L. Jones and Morris Green) at the Shubert Theatre, New York, September 16, 1924. 127 performances. Cast included the Dolly Sisters, Vincent Lopez, Moran and Mack, and Bobbe Arnst.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

I'm in Love Again (DOLLY SISTERS)
Brittanny (GEORGIE HALE)
My Long-Ago Girl (GEORGE RASELY)
Make Ev'ry Day a Holiday (JULIA SILVERS)
Wait for the Moon

PARIS

Book by Martin Brown. Produced by Gilbert Miller in association with E. Ray Goetz at the Music Box Theatre, New York, October 8, 1928. 195 performances. Cast, headed by Irene Bordoni, also included Arthur Margetson, Louise Closser Hale, and Irving Aaronson's Commanders.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Don't Look at Me That Way (IRENE BORDONI)
Two Little Babes in the Wood (IRENE BORDONI)
Vivienne (IRVING AARONSON'S COMMANDERS)

- Let's Do It (IRENE BORDONI AND

ARTHUR MARGETSON)

 $Heaven\ Hop\ (Irving\ Aaronson's\ Commanders)$

Let's Misbehave (IRENE BORDONI)

Quelque Chose (IRENE BORDONI)

Which (IRENE BORDONI)

FIFTY MILLION FRENCHMEN

Book by Herbert Fields. Produced by E. Ray Goetz at the Lyric Theatre, New York, November 27, 1929. 254 performances. Cast, headed by William Gaxton and Genevieve Tobin, also included Betty Compton, Evelyn Hoey, Jack Thompson, and Helen Broderick.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

You Do Something to Me (WILLIAM GAXTON and GENEVIEVE TOBIN)

You've Got That Thing (JACK THOMPSON and BETTY COMPTON)

Find Me a Primitive Man (EVELYN HOEY)
The Happy Heaven of Harlem (BILLY REED and
LOU DUTHERS)

You Don't Know Paree (WILLIAM GARTON)

I'm in Love (GENEVIEVE TOBIN)

I'm Unlucky at Gambling (EVELYN HOEY)

Paree, What Did You Do to Me (JACK THOMPSON and BETTY COMPTON)

Let's Step Out

I Worship You (WILLIAM GAXTON)

Please Don't Make Me Be Good (EVELYN HOEY)

The Queen of Terre Haute (GENEVIEVE TOBIN)

WAKE UP AND DREAM

Book by J. H. Turner. Produced by Arch Selwyn, in association with C. B. Cochran, at the Selwyn Theatre, New York, December 30, 1929. 136 performances. Cast, headed by Jack Buchanan and Jessie Matthews, included Tilly Losch, Dave Fitzgibbon, and Frances Shelley.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Wake Up and Dream (JESSIE MATTHEWS)

I Loved Him but He Didn't Love Me
(JESSIE MATTHEWS)

The Banjo That Man Joe Plays
(WILLIAM STEPHENS)

What Is This Thing Called Love?

(FRANCES SHELLEY)

Looking at You (JESSIE MATTHEWS and

DAVE FITZGIBBON)

I'm a Gigolo (WILLIAM STEPHENS)

Agua Sincopada, Tango

I Want to Be Raided by You

I Dream of a Girl in a Shawl

THE NEW YORKERS

Book by Herbert Fields, based on a story by Peter Arno and E. Ray Goetz. Produced by Mr. Goetz at the Broadway Theatre, New York, December 8, 1930. 168 performances. Cast included Hope Williams, Charles King, Ann Pennington, Lou Clayton, Eddie Jackson, Jimmy Durante, Frances Williams, Marie Cahill, and Richard Carle.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Where Have You Been? (CHARLES KING and HOPE WILLIAMS)

I'm Getting Myself Ready for You (Frances Williams, Ann Pennington, Barrie Oliver, and Maurice Lapue)

Love for Sale (KATHRYN CRAWFORD)
The Great Indoors (FRANCES WILLIAMS)
Take Me Back to Manhattan (FRANCES WILLIAMS)

Let's Fly Away (Charles King and Hope Williams

I Happen to Like New York (OSCAR "RAGS" RAGLAND)

Just One of Those Things (not the familiar one)

GAY DIVORCE

Book by Dwight Taylor. Produced by Dwight Deere Wiman and Tom Weatherly at the Ethel Barrymore Theatre, New York, November 29, 1932. 248 performances. Cast, headed by Fred Astaire and Claire Luce, also included Eric Blore, Erik Rhodes, and Luella Gear.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

After You (FRED ASTAIRE)

Night and Day (FRED ASTAIRE and CLAIRE LUCE)
How's Your Romance? (ERIK RHODES)

I've Got You on My Mind (FRED ASTAIRE and CLAIRE LUCE)

Mister and Missus Fitch (Luella Gear)
You're in Love (Fred Astaire, Claire Luce,
and Erik Rhodes)

ANYTHING GOES

Book by Guy Bolton, P. G. Wodehouse, Howard Lindsay and Russel Crouse. Produced by Vinton Freedley at the Alvin Theatre, New York, November 21, 1934. 420 performances. Cast, headed by William Garton, Ethel Merman, and Victor Moore, also included Bettina Hall and Vivian Vance. Complete vocal score published.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

I Get a Kick Out of You (ETHEL MERMAN and WILLIAM GAXTON)

All Through the Night (Bettina Hall and William Gaxton)

You're the Top (ETHEL MERMAN and WILLIAM GAXTON)

Anything Goes (ETHEL MERMAN)

Blow, Gabriel, Blow (ETHEL MERMAN)

Buddie, Beware (ETHEL MERMAN)

Waltz Down the Aisle (WILLIAM GAXTON)

The Gypsy in Me (BETTINA HALL)

JUBILEE

Book by Moss Hart. Produced by Sam H. Harris and Max Gordon at the Imperial Theatre, New York, October 12, 1935. 169 performances. Cast, headed by Mary Boland and Melville Cooper, also included June Knight, Montgomery Clift, Jackie Kelk, and Charles Walters.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Why Shouldn't If (Margaret Adams)
The Kling-Kling Bird on the Divi-Divi Tree
(Derek Williams)

When Love Comes Your Way (DEREK WILLIAMS and MARGARET ADAMS)

Begin the Beguine (JUNE KNIGHT)

A Picture of Me Without You (JUNE KNIGHT and CHARLES WALTERS)

Me and Marie (MELVILLE COOPER and MARY BOLAND)

Just One of Those Things (June Knight and Charles Walters)

RED, HOT AND BLUE

Book by Howard Lindsay and Russel Crouse. Produced by Vinton Freedley at the Alvin Theatre, New York, October 29, 1936. 183 performances. Cast, headed by Ethel Merman, Jimmy Durante, and Bob Hope, also included Grace and Paul Hartman, and Vivian Vance.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Ours (Dorothy Vernon, Thurston Crane, and the Hartmans)

Down in the Depths (ETHEL MERMAN) You've Got Something (Bob Hope and

ETHEL MERMAN)

It's De-lovely (ETHEL MERMAN and BOB HOPE)

A Little Skipper from Heaven Above

(JIMMY DURANTE and chorus)

Ridin' High (ETHEL MERMAN and Chorus)

The Ozarks Are Calling Me Home

(ETHEL MERMAN)

Red, Hot and Blue (ETHEL MERMAN and chorus)
Goodbye, Little Dream, Goodbye (ETHEL MERMAN)
You're a Bad Influence

BORN TO DANCE

Screenplay by Sid Silvers and Jack McGowan. Produced by Jack Cummings for M-G-M in 1936. Cast, headed by Eleanor Powell and James Stewart, included Frances Langford, Virginia Bruce, Buddy Ebsen, and Una Merkel.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Love Me, Love My Pekinese (VIRGINIA BRUCE)
Easy to Love (Frances Langford)
Hey, Babe, Hey! (James Stewart, Eleanor
Powell, Una Merkel, and Buddy Ebsen)
Rap Tap on Wood (Eleanor Powell)
I've Got You under My Skin (VIRGINIA BRUCE)
Rolling Home (Chorus)
Swingin' the Jinx Away (Frances Langford)

ROSALIE

Written and produced by WILLIAM ANTHONY MCGUIRE, M-G-M, 1937. Cast, headed by Nelson Eddy and Eleanor Powell, also included Ray Bolger and Frank Morgan.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

In the Still of the Night (Nelson Eddy)
I've a Strange New Rhythm in My Heart
(Eleanor Powell)
Close (Nelson Eddy)
Who Knows (Nelson Eddy)
Rosalie (Nelson Eddy)
Why Should I Care?

YOU NEVER KNOW

Book by Rowland Leigh, adapted from Siegfried Geyer's play Candle Light. Produced by Lee and J. J. Shubert in association with John Shubert at the Winter Garden Theatre, New York, September 21, 1938. 78 performances. Cast, headed by Clifton Webb and Libby Holman, also included Lupe Velez, Rex O'Malley, Toby Wing, and Roger Stearns.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Maria (CLIFTON WEBB)
You Never Know (LIBBY HOLMAN)
What Is That Tune? (LIBBY HOLMAN)
For No Rhyme or Reason (TOBY WING and
CHARLES KEMPER)
From Alpha to Omega (CLIFTON WEBB and
LUPE VELEZ)
What Shall I Do? (LUPE VELEZ)
At Long Last Love (CLIFTON WEBB)

LEAVE IT TO ME

Book by Bella and Samuel Spewack, based on their comedy Clear All Wires. Produced by Vinton Freedley at the Imperial Theatre, New York, November 9, 1938. 307 performances. Cast, headed by William Gaxton and Victor Moore, also included Sophie Tucker, Tamara, Mary Martin, and Gene Kelly.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

I'm Taking the Steps to Russia (Sophie Tucker)

Get Out of Town (Tamara)

Most Gentlemen Don't Like Love

(Sophie Tucker)

From Now On (William Gaxton and Tamara)

I Want to Go Home (Victor Moore)

My Heart Belongs to Daddy (MARY MARTIN)
 Tomorrow (Sophie Tucker and chorus)
 Far, Far Away (WILLIAM GAXTON and TAMARA)

DU BARRY WAS A LADY

Book by B. G. DESYLVA and HERBERT FIELDS. Produced by B. G. DESYLVA at the 46th Street Theatre, New York, December 6, 1939. 408 performances. Cast, headed by Ethel Merman and Bert Lahr, also included Betty Grable, Ronald Graham, and Charles Walters.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Ev'ry Day a Holiday (Charles Walters and Betty Grable)

When Love Beckoned in Fifty-second Street (ETHEL MERMAN)

Come On In (ETHEL MERMAN)

But in the Morning, No! (ETHEL MERMAN and BERT LAHR)

Do I Love You? (ETHEL MERMAN and RONALD GRAHAM)

Give Him the Oo-La-La (ETHEL MERMAN)

Well, Did You Evah! (BETTY GRABLE and

CHARLES WALTERS)

It Was Written in the Stars (RONALD GRAHAM) Katie Went to Haiti (Ethel Merman)

Friendship (ETHEL MERMAN and BERT LAHR)

BROADWAY MELODY OF 1940

Screenplay by Leon Gordon and George Oppen-Heimer. Produced by Jack Cummings for M-G-M in 1939. Cast, headed by Fred Astaire and Eleanor Powell, also included Frank Morgan and George Murphy.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Between You and Me (GEORGE MURPHY)
Please Don't Monkey with Broadway
(FRED ASTAIRE and GEORGE MURPHY)
I Concentrate on You (DOUGLAS MCPHAIL)
I've Got My Eyes on You (FRED ASTAIRE)
I Happen to Be in Love

PANAMA HATTIE

Book by B. G. DESYLVA and HERBERT FIELDS. Produced by B. G. DESYLVA at the 46th Street Theatre, New York, October 30, 1940. 501 performances. Cast, headed by ETHEL MERMAN and JAMES DUNN, also included Betty Hutton and Arthur Treacher.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Visit Panama (ETHEL MERMAN)

My Mother Would Love You (ETHEL MERMAN and JAMES DUNN)

I've Still Got My Health (ETHEL MERMAN)

Fresh As a Daisy (BETTY HUTTON, PAT HARRINGTON and FRANK HYERS)

Who Would Have Dreamed? (LARRY DOUGLAS and JANIS CARTER)

Let's Be Buddies (ETHEL MERMAN and JOAN CARROLL)

Make It Another Old-Fashioned, Please (Ethel Merman)

All I've Got to Get Now Is My Man
(BETTY HUTTON)

YOU'LL NEVER GET RICH

Screenplay by Michael Fessier and Ernest Pagano. Produced by Samuel Bischoff for Columbia in 1941. Cast, headed by Fred Astaire and Rita Hayworth, included Robert Benchley and Martha Tilton.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Boogie Barcarolle (dance number—not sung)
Shootin' the Works for Uncle Sam (FRED ASTAIRE)
Since I Kissed My Baby Goodbye

(Delta Rhythm Boys)

So Near and Yet So Far (Fred Astaire)

The Wedding Cake-Walk (Martha Tilton)

Dream Dancing (Fred Astaire)

LET'S FACE IT

Book by Herbert and Dorothy Fields, adapted from the Russell Medcraft-Norma Mitchell play Cradle Snatchers. Produced by Vinton Freedley at the Imperial Theatre, New York, October 29, 1941. 547 performances. Cast, headed by Danny Kaye, also included Eve Arden, Mary Jane Walsh, Nanette Fabray, Edith Meiser, Vivian Vance, and Benny Baker.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Jerry, My Soldier Boy (Mary Jane Walsh)
Farming (Danny Kaye, Benny Baker, Jack
Williams, Sunny O'Dea, and Nanette
Fabray)

Ev'rything I Love (DANNY KAYE and MARY JANE WALSH)

Ace in the Hole (Mary Jane Walsh, Sunny O'Dea and Nanette Fabray)

You Irritate Me So (NANETTE FABRAY and JACK WILLIAMS)

Rub Your Lamp (MARY JANE WALSH)

Let's Not Talk about Love (DANNY KAYE and Eve Arden)

A Little Rumba Numba (Tommy Gleason and Marguerite Benton)

I Hate You, Darling (VIVIAN VANCE, JAMES TODD, MARY JANE WALSH, and DANNY KAYE)

SOMETHING TO SHOUT ABOUT

Screenplay by Lou Breslow and Edward Eliscu. Produced by Gregory Ratoff for Columbia in 1942. Cast included Janet Blair, Don Ameche, William Gaxton, Hazel Scott, Jack Oakie, and Gregory Ratoff.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

I Always Knew (Don Ameche and Janet Blair)
Something to Shout About (Janet Blair)
You'd Be So Nice to Come Home To (Janet Blair
and Don Ameche)
Hasta Luego (Janet Blair)
It Might Have Been (Janet Blair)
Lotus Bloom

SOMETHING FOR THE BOYS

Book by Herbert and Dorothy Fields. Produced by Michael Todd at the Alvin Theatre, New York, January 7, 1943. 422 performances. Cast, headed by Ethel Merman, included Bill Johnson, Paula Laurence, Betty Garrett, Bill Callahan, Betty Bruce, and Allen Jenkins.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

See That You're Born in Texas (Chorus)
When My Baby Goes to Town (BILL JOHNSON)
Something for the Boys (ETHEL MERMAN)
Could It Be You? (BILL JOHNSON)
Hey, Good-Lookin' (ETHEL MERMAN, BILL
JOHNSON, BETTY BRUCE, and BILL
CALLAHAN)

He's a Right Guy (ETHEL MERMAN)
The Leader of a Big-Time Band (ETHEL MERMAN)
I'm in Love with a Soldier Boy (BETTY GARRETT)
By the Mississinewah (ETHEL MERMAN and
PAULA LAURENCE)

MEXICAN HAYRIDE

Book by Herbert and Dorothy Fields. Produced by Michael Todd at the Winter Garden Theatre, New York, January 28, 1944. 481 performances. Cast, headed by Bobby Clark, June Havoc, and Wilbur Evans, included George Givot, Edith Meiser, and Paul Haakon.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Sing to Me, Guitar (CORINNA MURA)
The Good Will Movement (WILBUR EVANS)
I Love You (WILBUR EVANS)
There Must Be Someone for Me (JUNE HAVOC)
Carlotta (CORINNA MURA)
Girls (WILBUR EVANS)
Abracadabra (JUNE HAVOC)

Count Your Blessings (JUNE HAVOC, BOBBY CLARK, and GEORGE GIVOT)

It Must Be Fun to Be You

SEVEN LIVELY ARTS

Book by Moss Hart, George S. Kaufman, Robert Pirosh, Joseph Schrank, Charles Sherman, and Ben Hecht. Produced by Billy Rose at the Ziegfeld Theatre, New York, December 7, 1944. 183 performances. Cast, headed by Beatrice Lillie and Bert Lahr, included Benny Goodman, Teddy Wilson, Red Norvo, Dolores Gray, Bill Tabbert, Alicia Markova and Anton Dolin—the last two in a ballet especially composed for this revue by Igor Strayinsky.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Is It the Girl? (Dolores Gray)

Ev'ry Time We Say Goodbye (Nan Wynn and
Jere McMahon)

Only Another Boy and Girl (Mary Roche, Bill
Tabbert, Beatrice Lillie, and Bert Lahr)

Wow-Ooh-Wolf (Nan Wynn, Dolores Gray,
and Mary Roche)

When I Was a Little Cuckoo (Beatrice Lillie)

Frahngee-Pahnee (Bill Tabbert)

Hence, It Doesn't Make Sense (Nan Wynn, Mary
Roche, Dolores Gray, and Billie Worth)

The Band Started Swinging a Song
(Billie Worth)

AROUND THE WORLD

Book by Orson Welles, adapted from Jules Vernes's novel. Produced by Mr. Welles at the Adelphi Theatre (now 54th Street Theatre), New York, May 31, 1946. 74 performances. Cast included Arthur Margetson, Julie Warren, Larry Laurence, Stefan Schnabel, and Orson Welles.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Look What I Found (JULIE WARREN and
LARRY LAURENCE)
There He Goes, Phileas Fogg (ARTHUR
MARGETSON and LARRY LAURENCE)
Should I Tell You I Love You? (MARY HEALY)
Pipe-dreaming (LARRY LAURENCE)
If You Smile at Me (VICTORIA CORDOVA)
Wherever They Fly the Flag of Old England
(ARTHUR MARGETSON)

THE PIRATE

Screenplay by Albert Hackett and Frances Good-RICH, based on S. N. Behrman's play. Produced by Arthur Freed for M-G-M in 1948. Cast, headed by JUDY GARLAND and GENE KELLY, included WALTER SLEZAK, GLADYS COOPER, and REGINALD OWEN.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Nina (GENE KELLY)

Mack the Black (JUDY GARLAND)

You Can Do No Wrong (JUDY GARLAND)

Love of My Life (JUDY GARLAND)

Be a Clown (JUDY GARLAND and GENE KELLY)

KISS ME, KATE

Book by Bella and Samuel Spewack (based somewhat on Shakespeare's *The Taming of the Shrew*). Produced by Saint Subber and Lemuel Ayers at the Century Theatre, New York, December 30, 1948. 1,077 performances. Cast headed by Alfred Drake, Patricia Morison, Lisa Kirk, and Harold Lang. Complete vocal score published.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Another Op'nin', Another Show (Annabelle Hill and chorus)

Why Can't You Behave? (LISA KIRK and HAROLD LANG)

Wunderbar (ALFRED DRAKE and PATRICIA MORISON)
So in Love (PATRICIA MORISON)

We Open in Venice (ALFRED DRAKE, PATRICIA MORISON, LISA KIRK and HAROLD LANG)

Tom, Dick, or Harry (LISA KIRK, HAROLD LANG, EDWIN CLAY and CHARLES WOOD)

I've Come to Wive It Wealthily in Padua (Alfred Drake and chorus)

I Hate Men (PATRICIA MORISON)

Were Thine That Special Face (ALFRED DRAKE)

I Sing of Love (LISA KIRK and HAROLD LANG)

Too Darn Hot (Lorenzo Fuller, Eddie Sledge, and Fred Davis)

Where Is the Life That Late I Led? (ALFRED DRAKE)
Always True to You in My Fashion (LISA KIRK)
Bianca (HAROLD LANG)

I Am Ashamed That Women Are So Simple (PATRICIA MORISON)

OUT OF THIS WORLD

Book by Dwight Taylor and Reginald Lawrence, based on the Amphitryon legend. Produced by Saint Subber and Lemuel Ayers at the Century Theatre, New York, December 21, 1950. 157 performances. Cast, headed by Charlotte Greenwood, included William Redfield, Priscilla Gillette, William Eythe, George Jongeyans (George Gaynes) and David Burns.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Use Your Imagination (PRISCILLA GILLETTE and WILLIAM REDFIELD)

Where, Oh Where? (BARBARA ASHLEY)

I Am Loved (PRISCILLA GILLETTE)

Climb Up the Mountain (CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD

and DAVID BURNS)

No Lover (PRISCILLA GILLETTE)

Cherry Pies Ought to Be You (WILLIAM REDFIELD, BARBARA ASHLEY, CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD, and DAVID BURNS)

Hark to the Song of the Night (GEORGE JONGEYANS)

Nobody's Chasing Me (CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD)
From This Moment On (PRISCILLA GILLETTE
and WILLIAM EYTHE)

You Don't Remind Me (GEORGE JONGEYANS)

CAN-CAN

Book by Abe Burrows. Produced by Cy Feuer and Ernest Martin at the Shubert Theatre, New York, May 7, 1953. 892 performances. Cast, headed by Lilo and Peter Cookson, also included Hans Conried, Gwen Verdon, and Erik Rhodes.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Never Give Anything Away (LILO)
C'est Magnifique (LILO and PETER COOKSON)
Come Along with Me (ERIK RHODES and
HANS CONRIED)

Live and Let Live (LILO)

I Am in Love (PETER COOKSON)

If You Loved Me Truly (Hans Conried, Gwen Verdon, Phil Leeds, Robert Penn, Richard Purdy, Mary Anne Cohan, Jean Kraemer, and Beverly Purvin

Montmart' (Chorus)

Allez-vous En (LILO)

It's All Right with Me (PETER COOKSON)

I Love Paris (PISTACHE)

Can-Can (Lillo, Gwen Verdon, and chorus)

SILK STOCKINGS

Book by George S. Kaufman, Leueen MacGrath and Abe Burrows, based on the film *Ninotchka*. Produced by Cy Feuer and Ernest Martin at the Imperial Theatre, New York, February 24, 1955. 477 performances. Cast headed by Don Ameche and Hildegarde Neff.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Paris Loves Lovers (Don Ameche and Hildegarde Neff) Stereophonic Sound (Gretchen Wyler) It's a Chemical Reaction (Hildegarde Neff) All of You (DON AMECHE)

Satin and Silk (GRETCHEN WYLER)

Without Love (HILDEGARDE NEFF)

As On Through the Seasons We Sail

(Don Ameche)

Josephine (GRETCHEN WYLER)

Siberia (LEON BELASCO, HENRY LASCOE, and

DAVID OPATOSHU)

Silk Stockings (DON AMECHE)

. . .

Note: M-G-M's film version of SILK STOCKINGS included two additional Cole Porter songs—Fated to Be Mated and Ritz Roll and Rock, both introduced by Fred Astaire.

HIGH SOCIETY

Screenplay by John Patrick, based on Philip Barry's stage play *The Philadelphia Story*. Produced by Sol C. Siegel for M-G-M in 1956. Cast, headed by Bing Crosby, Grace Kelly, and Frank Sinatra, included Celeste Holm, John Lund, Louis Calhern, Sidney Blackmer, and Louis Armstrong.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Little One (BING CROSBY)

Who Wants to Be a Millionaire? (FRANK SINATRA and CELESTE HOLM)

True Love (BING CROSBY and GRACE KELLY)

You're Sensational (FRANK SINATRA)

I Love You, Samantha (BING CROSBY)

Now You Has Jazz (BING CROSBY and

Louis Armstrong)

Mind If I Make Love to You? (FRANK SINATRA)

LES GIRLS

Screenplay by John Patrick. Produced by Sol C. Siegel for M-G-M in 1957. Cast included Gene Kelly, Kay Kendall, Mitzi Gaynor, and Taina Elg.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Les Girls (GENE KELLY)

Ca, c'est l'amour (TAINA ELG)

Why Am I So Gone about That Gal? (GENE KELLY)

You're Just Too, Too! (GENE KELLY and

KAY KENDALL)

ALADDIN

Book by S. J. PERELMAN. Produced on CBS Television for the DuPont Show of the Month by RICHARD LEWINE, on February 21, 1958. Cast included ANNA

MARIA ALBERGHETTI, SAL MINEO, CYRIL RITCHARD, and DENNIS KING.

MUSICAL NUMBERS

Trust Your Destiny to a Star (DENNIS KING)
Opportunity Knocks but Once (CYRIL RITCHARD)
Aladdin (Anna Maria Alberghetti)
I Adore You (Sal Mineo and
Anna Maria Alberghetti)

COLE PORTER SONGS NOT FROM PRODUCTIONS

1902 The Bobolink Waltz (written at the age of 8 or 9)

1910 Bridget

1910 Bingo Eli Yale (written while an undergraduate at Yale)

1911 Bull-Dog (written while an undergraduate at Yale)

1927 Hot-House Rose

1927 The Laziest Gal in Town (sung by
Marlene Dietrich in 1950 in the Warner
Brothers film STAGE FRIGHT)

1927 Weren't We Fools

1934 (Thank You So Much) Mrs. Lowsborough-Goodby

1934 You're Too Far Away

1934 Miss Otis Regrets (Dedicated to Elsa Maxwell)

INTERPOLATED COLE PORTER SONGS

Esmeralda in HANDS UP at the 44th Street Theatre, July 22, 1915 (52 performances)

Two Big Eyes, sung by ELSIE JANIS in MISS IN-FORMATION at the Cohan Theatre, October 5, 1915 (47 performances)

I Never Realized, sung by WALLACE EDDINGER in BUDDIES at the Selwyn Theatre, October 27, 1919 (259 performances)

Altogether Too Fond of You, sung by Donald Brian and Maxine Brown in BUDDIES

Washington Square, in BUDDIES

They All Fall in Love, sung by GERTRUDE LAWRENCE in the Paramount film THE BATTLE OF PARIS (1929)

Here Comes the Band Wagon, sung by GERTRUDE LAWRENCE in the Paramount film THE BAT-TLE OF PARIS (1929)

Don't Fence Me In, sung by Roy Rogers in the Warner Brothers film HOLLYWOOD CAN-TEEN (1944)

Farewell, Amanda, sung by DAVID WAYNE in the M-G-M film ADAM'S RIB (1949)

